

# Micro Stepping System

- Micro Stepping with Integrated Drive
- Sensorless Stall Detection
- Software Damping
- Run / Stop Signal Output





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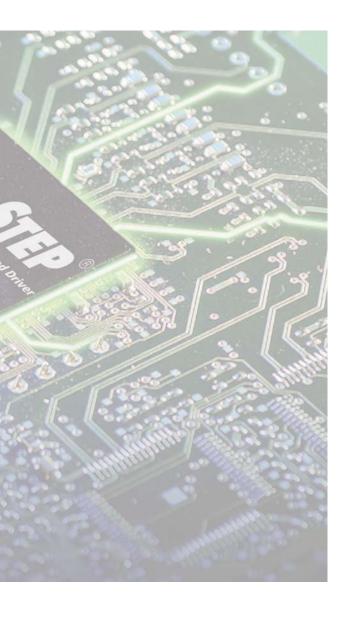








Step Motors with Integrated Drive



### Ezi-STEP Characteristics

Ezi-STEP® is a micro stepping system that incorporates a motor and DSP (Digital Signal Processor) equipped drive that is integrated seamlessly together as a system. This makes it possible to incorporate many functions compared with a conventional stepping motors and drives, such as sensorless detection of loss of synchronization, smooth control over the whole velocity range, higher torque operation and no vibration at the low speed range.

Ezi-STEP®' s on-board high-performance digital signal processor and proprietary algorithms allow the Ezi-STEP® to operate a high speeds with unmatched precision. The unique position estimation algorithm instantaneously detects out-of-synchronization based on the rotor position of the stepping motor, which is not an easy task in a conventional stepping motor and drives (effective only over 300 rpm.)

Utilizing a software damping and filtering algorithms, high speed operation is realized by the exciting angle control of a step-angle. The resolution of Ezi-STEP® can be selected from basic 1.8° up to 0.0072° (1/250). In addition,  $\text{Ezi-STEP}^{\text{\tiny (B)}}$  generates various signals including sensorless stall detection, alarm and running signal. Ezi-STEP® is an economical ideal drive for vision systems, nanotech, packaging, semiconductor, pick and place, automation, laboratory testing, wood working and wherever smooth, quiet, precise, high torque operation is a requirement!

- 1. Sensorless Stall Detection
- 2. Software Damping
- 3. Run/Stop Signal Output



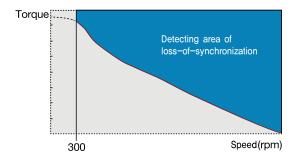
# 1

#### **Sensorless Stall Detection**

# Detecting the loss-of-synchronization with on-board DSP(patent pending)

Ezi-STEP® can detect the loss-of-synchronization of a stepping motor without the addition of an external sensor. By monitoring the voltage, current, and back-emf signal, the onboard DSP estimates the current position of a rotor and enables it to detect the loss-of-synchronization (an impossible task for a conventional stepping motor drive), this allows for high-speed operation at 100% torque rating without loss-ofsynchronization\*.

\*Effective only over 300 rpm



# 2 Microstep and Filtering

# High precision Microstep function and Filtering (Patent pending)

The high-performance DSP operates at step resolutions of 1.8° up to maximum 0.0072° (1/250 steps) and Ezi-STEP® adjusts PWM control signal in every  $25\mu$  sec, which makes it possible for more precise current control, resulting in high-precision Microstep operation.

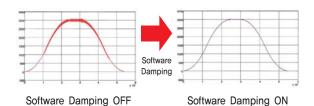
# 3 Software Damping

# Vibration suppression and high-speed

operation (Patent pending)
Vibration suppression and High-speed operation (Patent pending) Motor vibration is created by magnetic flux variations of the motor, lower current from the drive due to back-emf from the motor at high speeds and lowering of phase voltages from

the drive.

Ezi-STEP<sup>®</sup> drive detects these problems and the DSP adjusts the phase of the current according to the pole position of the motor, drastically suppressing vibration. This allows the smooth operation of the motor at high speeds.



\*This is real measured speed that using 100000[pulse/rev] encoder,

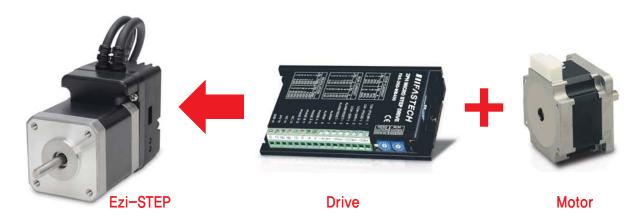
# 4 Drive Output Signal Monitoring

Ezi-STEP® provides loss of step, run/stop, over-current, over-heat, over-voltage, power, and motor connection alarms that can be monitored by the controller and visible by a motor-mounted flashing led indicator,

# 5 Improvement of High-Speed Driving

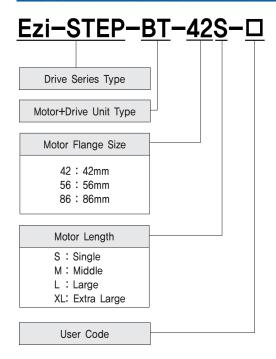
Depending on the speed of a stepping motor, Ezi-STEP® automatically increases the supply voltage and prevents the torque lowering due to the low operating voltage to the motor caused by back-emf voltage, this enables high-speed operation. Additionally, the software damping algorithm minimizes the vibration and prevents the loss-of-synchronization at high-speed.

# Simple and Compact all-in-one Motor integrated with Drive



Saving installation space and ease of wiring by integrating drive circuits on the back side of a stepping motor.

# • Ezi-STEP Part Numbering



Part Number		
Ezi-STEP-BT-42S		
Ezi-STEP-BT-42M		
Ezi-STEP-BT-42L		
Ezi-STEP-BT-42X		
Ezi-STEP-BT-56S		
Ezi-STEP-BT-56M		
Ezi-STEP-BT-56L		
Ezi-STEP-BT-86M		
Ezi-STEP-BT-86L		
Ezi-STEP-BT-86XL		

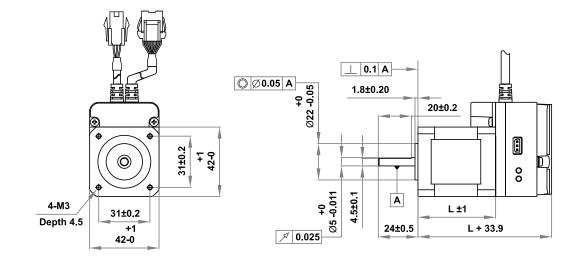
# Drive Specifications

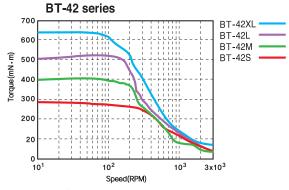
N	Motor Model	BT-42 Series	BT-56 Series	BT-86 Series		
I	nput Voltage	24VDC ±10%	24VDC ±10%	40~70VDC		
С	ontrol Method	Bipolar PWM drive with 32bit DSP				
Curre	Current Consumption Max: 500mA (Except motor current)					
bu on	Ambient In Use: 0~50°C Temperature In Storage: -20~70°C					
Operating Condition	Humidity	In Use: 35~85%RH (Non-Condens In Storage: 10~90%RH (Non-Cond	0,			
	Vib. Resist.	0.5G				
	Resolution(P/R)		0, 4000, 5000, 6400, 8000, 10000, 00 (Set by DIP Switch) *Default : 10	0000		
	Max, Input Pulse Frequency	500KHz (Duty 50%)				
	Protection Functions	Over current, Over speed, Step out, Over temperature, Over regenerated voltage, Motor connect error, Motor voltage error, System error, ROM error, Input voltage error (Identifiable which alarm is activated by counting the blinking times of status monitor LED)				
Function	LED Display	Power Status(Green), Alarm Status(	Red)			
Fund	STOP Current	STOP Current 10%~100% (Set by RS-232C Communication) Be setted to set value of STOP Current after 0.1 second after motor stop, *Default: 50%				
	Pulse Input Method	1 Pulse / 2 Pulse (Set by RS-232C 1 Pulse: Pulse / Direction, 2 Pulse:				
	Rotational Direction	CW / CCW (Set by RS-232C Comm Used when changing the direction				
	Speed/Position Control Command	Pulse train input (Photocoupler Input	ut)			
Signal	Input Signal	Motor Free / Alarm Reset (Photoco	upler Input)			
is 0/I	Output Signal	Output Signal Alarm, Run/Stop (Photocoupler Output)				

# Motor Specifications [Ezi-STEP-BT-42 Series]

M O D E	L	UNIT	BT-42S	BT-42M	BT-42L	BT-42XL
DRIVE METHOD			BI-POLAR	BI-POLAR	BI-POLAR	BI-POLAR
NUMBER OF PHASE	S		2	2	2	2
VOLTAGE		VDC	3,36	4.32	4.56	7.2
CURRENT per PHAS	SE .	А	1,2	1.2	1.2	1.2
RESISTANCE per Ph	IASE	Ohm	2,8	3.6	3.8	6
INDUCTANCE per PHASE		mH	2,5	7.2	8	15.6
HOLDING TORQUE		N·m	0.32	0.44	0.5	0.65
ROTOR INERTIA		g·cm²	35	54	77	114
WEIGHTS	WEIGHTS		220	280	350	500
LENGTH (L)		mm	33	39	47	59
ALLOWABLE	3mm		22	22	22	22
OVERHUNG LOAD	8mm	N	26	26	26	26
(DISTANCE FROM	13mm	IN	33	33	33	33
END OF SHAFT)	18mm		46	46	46	46
ALLOWABLE THRUST LOAD N		N	Lower than motor weight			
INSULATION RESISTANCE MOhm		MOhm	100min, (at 500VDC)			
INSULATION CLASS			CLASS B (130℃)			
OPERATING TEMPERATURE °C		°C	0 to 55			

# Motor Dimension [mm] and Torque Characteristics





#### **\*** Measured Condition

Motor Voltage = 24VDC

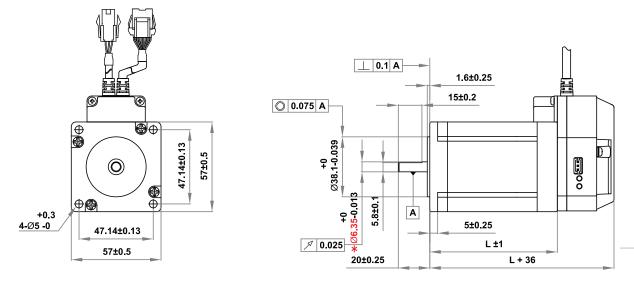
Motor Current = Rated Current(Refer to Motor Specification)

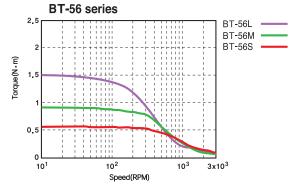
Drive = Ezi-STEP-BT

# Motor Specifications [Ezi-STEP-BT-56 Series]

M O D E	L	UNIT	BT-56S	BT-56M	BT-56L
DRIVE METHOD			BI-POLAR	BI-POLAR	BI-POLAR
NUMBER OF PHASE	S		2	2	2
VOLTAGE		VDC	1,56	2.1	2.7
CURRENT per PHAS	SE .	А	3	3	3
RESISTANCE per PH	IASE	Ohm	0.52	0.54	0.9
INDUCTANCE per Ph	HASE	mH	1	2	3.8
HOLDING TORQUE		N·m	0.64	1	1.5
ROTOR INERTIA		g·cm²	120	200	480
WEIGHTS		g	500	700	1150
LENGTH (L)		mm	46	54	80
ALLOWABLE	3mm		52	52	52
OVERHUNG LOAD	8mm	N	65	65	65
(DISTANCE FROM	13mm	IN	85	85	85
END OF SHAFT)	18mm		123	123	123
ALLOWABLE THRUST LOAD N		N	Lower than motor weight		
INSULATION RESISTANCE N		MOhm	100min. (at 500VDC)		
INSULATION CLASS	INSULATION CLASS -		CLASS B (130℃)		
OPERATING TEMPERA	ATURE	$^{\circ}$	0 to 55		

# Motor Dimension [mm] and Torque Characteristics





#### **\*** Measured Condition

Motor Voltage = 24VDC

Motor Current = Rated Current(Refer to Motor Specification)

 $\mathsf{Drive} \, = \, \mathsf{Ezi}\text{--}\mathsf{STEP}\text{--}\mathsf{BT}$ 

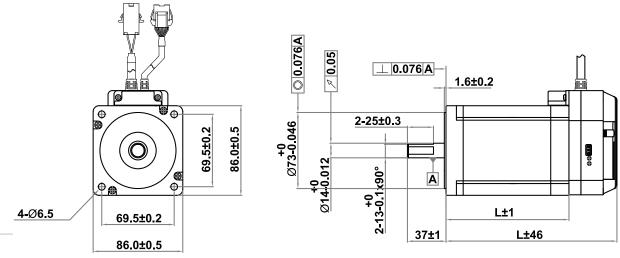
\*: There are 2 kinds size of front shaft diameter for BT-56 series as  $\Phi$ 6,35 and  $\Phi$ 8,0,

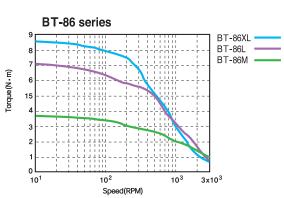
FASTECH Ezi-STEP BT

# Motor Specifications [Ezi-STEP-BT-86 Series]

M O D E	L	UNIT	BT-86M	BT-86L	BT-86XL
DRIVE METHOD			BI-POLAR	BI-POLAR	BI-POLAR
NUMBER OF PHASE	S		2	2	2
VOLTAGE		VDC	2.4	3,6	4.38
CURRENT per PHAS	SE .	А	6	6	6
RESISTANCE per PH	IASE	Ohm	0.4	0.6	0.73
INDUCTANCE per Ph	HASE	mH	3.5	6.5	8,68
HOLDING TORQUE		N·m	4.0	7.5	9.0
ROTOR INERTIA		g·cm²	1400	2700	4000
WEIGHTS		Kg	2,3	3,8	5.3
LENGTH (L)		mm	79	117	155
ALLOWABLE	3mm		270	270	270
OVERHUNG LOAD	8mm	N	300	300	300
(DISTANCE FROM	13mm	IN	350	350	350
END OF SHAFT) 18mm			400	400	400
ALLOWABLE THRUST LOAD N		N	Lower than motor weight		
INSULATION RESISTANCE MOhm		MOhm	100min, (at 500VDC)		
INSULATION CLASS	INSULATION CLASS		CLASS B (130℃)		
OPERATING TEMPERATURE °C		$^{\circ}$	0 to 55		

# Motor Dimension [mm] and Torque Characteristics





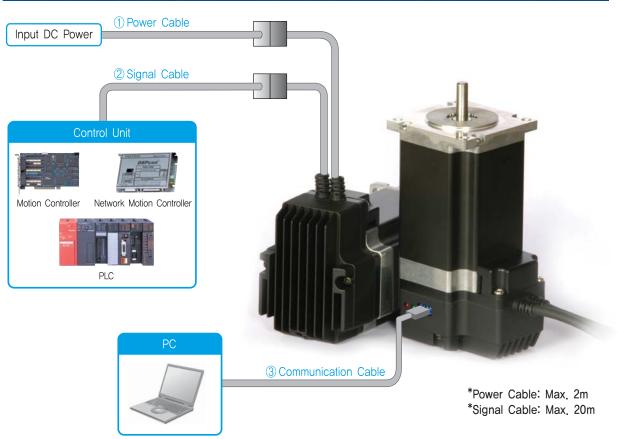
#### **\*** Measured Condition

Motor Voltage = 70VDC

Motor Current = Rated Current(Refer to Motor Specification)

 $\mathsf{Drive} = \mathsf{Ezi}\mathsf{-}\mathsf{STEP}\mathsf{-}\mathsf{BT}$ 

# System Configuration



## Option

#### ①Power Cable

Available to connect power of Ezi-STEP-BT.

Item	Length[m]	Remark
CBTS-P-000F		Normal Cable Robot Cable
CBTL-P-000F		Normal Cable for BT-86 Robot Cable for BT-86

 $\hfill\square$  is for Cable Length. The unit is 1m and Max. 2m length.

#### **2**Signal Cable

Available to connect between Control System and Ezi-STEP-BT.

Item	Length[m]	Remark
CBTS-S-□□□F		Normal Cable
CBTS-S-□□□M		Robot Cable

 $\hfill\square$  is for Cable Length. The unit is 1m and Max. 20m length.

#### **3**Communication Cable

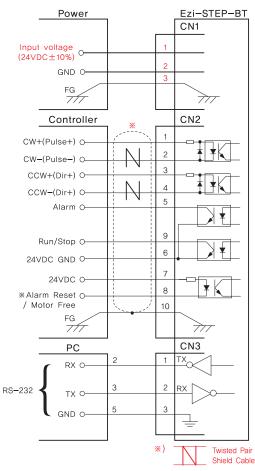
Available to connect between PC and Ezi-STEP-BT. This is used for change setting value of Resolution and Stop Current etc.

Item	Length[m]	Remark
CBTS-C-□□□F		Normal Cable

 $\hfill\square$  is for Cable Length. The unit is 1m and Max. 15m length.

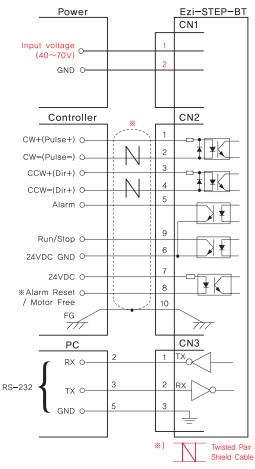
## External Wiring

#### Ezi-STEP-BT-42/56 Series



<sup>\*</sup> Alarm Rest signal line is also used for Motor FREE signal, (For details, please refer to the section for Control Input/Output signal)

#### Ezi-STEP-BT-86 Series



\* Alarm Rest signal line is also used for Motor FREE signal, (For details, please refer to the section for Control Input/Output signal)

### Ezi-STEP-BT Series Connector

### Power Connector(CN1)

NO.	Function	
1 +24VDC		
2	GND	
3	Frame Ground	
4	NC	



\* Only for BT-42, BT-56 Series,

### Power Connector(CN1)

NO.	Function
1	40~70VDC
2	GND



\* Only for BT-86 Series.

## Signal Connector(CN2)

NO.	Function	1/0
1	CW+(PULSE+)	Input
2	CW-(PULSE-)	Input
3	CCW+(DIR+)	Input
4	CCW-(DIR-)	Input
5	ALARM	Output
6	GND	Input
7	+24VDC	Input
8	ALARM RESET	Input
9	RUN/STOP	Output
10	Frame Ground	



## Communication Connector(CN3)

NO.	Function	I/O
1	Tx	Output
2	Rx	Input
3	GND	



BT

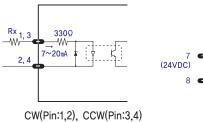
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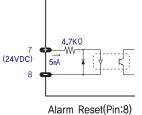
## Control signal Input/Output Description



### **Input Signals**

Input signals of the drive are all photocoupler inputs. The signal shows the status of internal photocouplers [ON: conduction], [OFF: Non-conduction], not displaying the voltage levels of the signal.





#### ♦ CW, CCW Input

This signal can be used to receive a positioning pulse command from a user-side host motion controller. A user can select 1-pulse input mode of 2-pulse input mode.

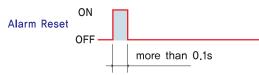
The input schematic of CW, CCW is designed for 5V TTL level. When using 5V level as an input signal, the resistor Rx is used and connect to the drive directly. When the level of input signal is more than 5V, have to add Rx. If this resistor is absent, the inner schematic can be broken. In input signal level is 12V case, Rx value is 2,2Kohm and in 24V case, 4,7Kohm is suitable for Rx value.

#### **♦** Motor Free Input

This input can be used only to adjust the position by manually moving the motor shaft from the load—side. By setting the signal [ON], the drive cuts off the power supply to the motor. Then, one can manually adjust output position. When setting the signal back to [OFF], the drive resumes the power supply to the motor and recovers the holding torque. When driving a motor, one needs to set the signal [OFF]. In normal operations set the signal [OFF] of disconnect a wire to the signal.

#### ◆ Alarm Reset Input

When a protection mode has been activated, a signal to this Alarm Reset input cancels the Alarm output. By setting the alarm reset input signal [ON], cancel Alarm output. Before cancel the Alarm output, have to remove the source of alarm.

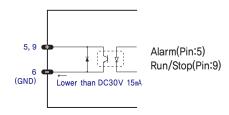


[Caution] If Alarm Reset input signal still remains [ON], motor will be Free state. Keep in mind to change [ON]—[OFF] state. It operates reversely compare to Normal mode, when you set inverse mode.

# 2

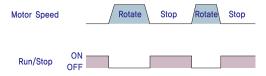
### **Output Signals**

As the output signal from the drive, there are the photocoupler outputs(Alarm, Run/Stop). The signal status operate as [ON: conduction], [OFF: Non-conduction] of photocoupler not as the voltage level of signal.



#### ♦ Run/Stop Output

Run/Stop Output state is [ON] when motor positioning is completed. It operates reversely compare to Normal mode, when you set Inverse mode.



It operates reversely compare to Normal mode, when you set inverse mode.

#### ◆ Alarm Output

The Alarm output indicates [OFF] when the drive is in a normal operation. If a protection mode has been activated, it goes [ON]. A host controller needs to detect this signal and stop sending a motor driving command. When the drive detects an abnormal operation such as overload of overcurrent of a motor, it sets the Alarm output to [ON], flash the Alarm LED, disconnects the power to a motor, and stops the motor, simultaneously.